d Problem Solving

y Example amples 1, 3 es 187–188)

Developing Proof Which postulate, if any, could you use to prove that the two triangles are congruent?

L Z D

2 P Q R

3. A S



F is the midpoint of GL

Developing Proof Is the information you are given below each photograph enough for you to prove that the two triangles are congruent? Explain.

s.

6.

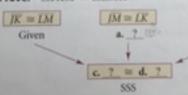


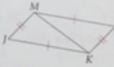
The vertical beam \overline{OB} is perpendicular to the porch roof. P, O, and R are equally spaced. The diagonal legs have equal lengths and are joined at their midpoints.

Developing Proof Copy and complete the flow proof.

Given: $\overline{JK} \cong \overline{LM}, \overline{JM} \cong \overline{LK}$

Prove: $\triangle JKM = \triangle LMK$





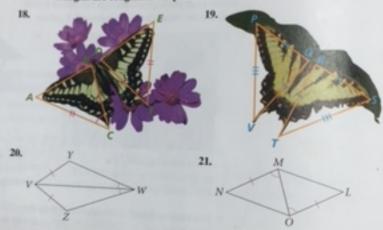
<u>KM</u> ≈ <u>KM</u> b. <u>?</u>

ample 2 age 188) Copy the triangle. Start at any vertex and label the triangle as $\triangle WVU$.

- 8. What sides include \(\angle V? \)
- 9. What angle is included between \overline{WV} and \overline{WU} ?
- 10. What angles include UV? [1
- 11. What side is included between $\angle W$ and $\angle U$?

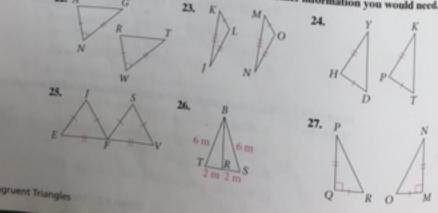
Name the indicated part(s) of $\triangle XYZ$ without drawing $\triangle XYZ$. 12. the angle included between \overline{XY} and \overline{XZ} 13. the sides that include $\angle Z$ Developing Proof What other information, if any, do you need to prove the two triangles congruent by SSS or SAS? 14. G N

Example 3 Developing Proof From the information given in the diagram, can you prove that (page 188) the two triangles are congruent? Explain.



Developing Proof Is there enough information to prove the two triangles congruent? If so, write the congruence statement and name the postulate you would use. If not, write not possible and tell what other information you would need.

ar Skills





when you construct AB = CD. SAS tells you that the triangles outlined here are congruent.

Developing Proof From the information given, can you prove the two triangles congruent? Explain.

- 28. $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$ with $\angle A = \angle D, \angle B \cong \angle E, \angle C \cong \angle F$
- 29. $\triangle GHI$ and $\triangle JKL$ with $\overline{GH} \cong \overline{JK}, \overline{HI} \cong \overline{KL}, \angle I \cong \angle L$
- 30, $\triangle MNP$ and $\triangle QRS$ with $\overline{MN} \cong \overline{QR}$, $\angle N \cong \angle R$, $\overline{NP} \cong \overline{RS}$

Constructions Use a straightedge to draw $\triangle JKL$. Construct $\triangle MNP \cong \triangle JKL$ using the given postulate.

3L SSS

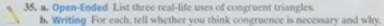
32. SAS

33. Developing Proof Supply the reasons in this proof. A

Given: X is the midpoint of AG and of NR.

Statements	Reasons	11
L ∠1 ≈ ∠2	2. 7	1
 X is the midpoint of AG. 	b. 2	
3. $\overline{AX} \approx \overline{GX}$	c. 7	
4. X is the midpoint of NR.	d?_	
5. $\overline{NX} \simeq \overline{RX}$	e. 7	
6. $\triangle ANX \cong \triangle GRX$	£ ?	

34. Error Analysis A friend conjectures that there should be an AAA Congruence Postulate since there is a SSS Congruence Postulate. Give a counterexample to disprove your friend's conjecture.





Reading Math

For help with reading and solving Exercise 36, see p. 193.

Developing Proof What can you prove about $\triangle ISP$ and $\triangle OSP$ given the information in the diagram and the information below?

36. \overline{SP} is the bisector of $\angle ISO$.

37. SP is a bisector of IO.



Developing Proof In ABCD, $\overline{AD} \parallel \overline{BC}$ and $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$. Can you prove the two triangles congruent? Explain.

- 38. △ADB and △CBD
- 39. △ABC and △CDA



40. Critical Thinking Four sides of polygon ABCD are congruent to four sides of polygon EFGH. Must the two quadrilaterals also be congruent? Explain.



Challenge Frot Write a proof.

41. Given: $\overline{FG} \parallel KL, \overline{FG} \cong \overline{KL}$

